What is claimed is:

- 1. An isolated and purified mammalian fatty-acid amide hydrolase (FAAH) Isolated fatty-acid amide that hydrolyzes <u>cis-9</u>, 10-octadecenoamide, anandamide, myristic amide, palmitic amide and stearic amide.
- 2. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH has an amino acid residue sequence shown in SEQ ID NO 36.
- 3. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH has an amino acid residue sequence shown in SEQ ID NO 40.
- 4. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH has an amino acid residue sequence shown in SEQ ID NO 43.
- 5. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - a..) GGSSGGEGALIGSGGSPLGLGTDIGGSIRFP (SEQ ID NO 5),
 - b.) SPGGSSGGEGALIGS (SEQ ID NO 6),
 - c.) ALIGSGGSPLGLGTD (SEQ ID NO 7),
 - d..) GLGTDIGGSIRFPSA (SEQ ID NO 8),
 - e.) RFPSAFCGICGLKPT (SEQ ID NO 9),
 - f.) GLKPTGNRLSKSGLK (SEQ ID NO 10),
 - g.) KSGLKGCVYGQTAVQ (SEQ ID NO 11),
 - h.) QTAVQLSLGPMARDV (SEQ ID NO 12),
 - i.) MARDVESLALCLKAL (SEQ ID No 13),
 - j.) CLKALLCEHLFTLDP (SEQ ID NO 14),
 - k.) FTLDPTVPPFPFREE (SEQ ID NO 15),
 - 1.) PFREEVYRSSRPLRV (SEQ ID NO 16),
 - m.) RPLRVGYYETDNYTM (SEQ ID NO 17),
 - n.) DNYTMPSPAMRRALI (SEQ ID NO 18),
 - o.) RRALIETKQRLEAAG (SEQ ID NO 19),

- p.) LEAAGHTLIPFLPNN (SEQ ID NO 20),
- q.) FLPNNIPYALEVLSA (SEQ ID NO 21),
- r.) EVLSAGGLFSDGGRS (SEQ ID NO 22),
- s.) DGGRSFLQNFKGDFV (SEQ ID NO 23),
- t.) KGDFVDPCLGDLILI (SEQ ID NO 24),
- u.) DLILILRLPSWFKRL (SEQ ID NO 25),
- v.) WFKRLLSLLLKPLFP (SEQ ID NO 26),
- w.) KPLFPRLAAFLNSMR (SEQ ID NO 27),
- x.) LNSMRPRSAEKLWKL (SEQ ID NO 28),
- y.) KLWKLQHEIEMYRQS (SEQ ID NO 29),
- z.) MYRQSVIAQWKAMNL (SEQ ID NO 30),
- aa.) KAMNLDVLLTPMLGP (Seq ID NO 31), and
- ab.) PMLGPALDLNTPGR (SEQ ID NO 32).
- 6. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH is isolated from a mammal.
- 7. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH is produced by expression of a recombinant DNA expression vector that includes the nucleotide sequence that encodes FAAH having a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID Nos 35, 39 and 42.
- 8. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH is isolated by purification by a chromatographic methodology selected from a group consisting of affinity chromatography, electric chromatography, gel filtration chromatography, ion exchange chromatography, and partition chromatography.
- 9. The FAAH of claim 8 wherein said affinity chromatography employs a solid phase absorbant derivatized with a trifluoroketone inhibitor of FAAH for adsorbing the FAAH.
- 10. The FAAH of claim 1 wherein said FAAH is isolated by

purification as follows:

- Step A: a crude source of FAAH is purified by exchange chromatography using a DEAE chromatography column to form a first elution product; then
- Step B: the first elution product of said Step A is further purified by elution on an Hg affinity chromatography column to form a second elution product; then
- Step C: the second elution product of said Step B is further purified by elution on a Heparin affinity chromatography column to form a third elution product; and then
- Step D: the elution product of said Step C is further purified by elution on an affinity chromatography column derivatized with a trifluoroketone inhibitor of FAAH to form the purified form of FAAH.
- 11. A method for catalyzing a hydrolysis of a fatty-acid primary amide comprising the step of contacting the fatty-acid primary amide under reaction conditions with a catalytic amount of an isolated FAAH described in claim 1.
- 12. The method for catalyzing a hydrolysis of a fatty-acid primary amide according to claim 11 wherein the fatty-acid primary amide includes an alkyl chain having an unsaturation.
- 13. The method for catalyzing a hydrolysis of a fatty-acid primary amide according to claim 12 wherein the unsaturation is in an alkyl chain having a *cis* configuration.
- 14. The method for catalyzing a hydrolysis of a fatty-acid primary amide according to claim 11 wherein the fatty-acid primary amide is selected from the group consisting of cis-9,10-

octadecenoamide, cis-8,9-octadecenoamide, cis-11,12octadecenoamide, cis-13,14- docosenoamide, and a fatty-acid
primary amide having the formula:

 $NH_2C(O)(CH_2)_{(6 \ge n \le 11)}CH = CH(CH_2)_{(8 \ge n \le 5)}CH_3$.

- 15. A method for inhibiting an enzymatically catalyzed hydrolysis of a fatty-acid primary amide by the FAAH of claim 1, the method comprising the step of contacting said FAAH with an inhibitor of the FAAH.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein said fatty-acid primary amide substrate is selected from the group consisting of *cis-9*,10-octadecenoamide, anandamide, myristic amide, palmitic amide and stearic amide.
- 17. The method according to claim 15 wherein said fatty-acid primary amide is *cis-9*,10-octadecenoamide.
- 18. The method of claim 15 wherein said inhibitor of FAAH is selected from the group consisting of phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride, $HgCl_2$, and a trifluoroketone having the following structure:

19. A method for ascertaining the inhibitory activity of a candidate inhibitor of fatty-acid amide hydrolase (FAAH), the method comprising the following steps:

Step A: forming mixture "A" by combining FAAH according to claim 1 and a fatty-acid primary amide substrate under reaction conditions;

- Step B: forming mixture "B" by combining the mixture "A" of said Step A with the candidate inhibitor; then
- Step C: quantifying the conversion of said fatty-acid primary amide substrate to a hydrolysis product within mixture "A";
- Step D: quantifying the conversion of said fatty-acid primary amide substrate to hydrolysis product within mixture "B"; and then
- Step E: ascertaining the inhibitory activity of the candidate inhibitor by comparing the quantifications of said Steps C and D.
- 20. The method of claim 19 wherein said fatty-acid primary amide substrate is selected from the group consisting of *cis-9,10-* octadecenoamide, anandamide, myristic amide, palmitic amide and stearic amide.
- 21. A trifluoroketone inhibitor of fatty-acid amide hydrolase represented by following structure:

$$F_3C$$
 (CH₂)₇ (CH₂)₇CH₃

- 22. A nucleic acid molecule encoding a fatty-acid amide hydrolase protein, said nucleic acid molecule having a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO 35, SEQ ID NO 39 and SEQ ID NO 42.
- 23. A nucleic acid molecule encoding a portion of a fatty-acid amide hydrolase protein, said nucleic acid molecule having the nucleotide sequence shown in SEQ ID NO 1:1-783.

24. The mammalian fatty-acid amide hydrolase of claim 1 that is a human fatty-acid amide hydrolase.